PAPER-1

1. **The Mauryan Empire :-**
   - Mauryan Chronology and sources.
   - Administration of the empire.
   - Social and economic activity.
   - Ashoka's policy of Dharma.

2. **Political and Economic History of India on 200 B.C. to A.D.300.** The emergence of Kingdoms in Northern and Southern India, their geographical and political basis.

   - The contribution of trade in the development of Indian economy and society.

   - Indian contracts with Central Asia, West Asia and South-East Asia. The development of Buddhism and the emergence of Bhagavatism.

3. **The Gupta Period :-**
   - Political history of the Gupta Kings.
   - Agrarian structure and revenue system.
   - Development of Arts, literature etc.
   - Development of Vaishnavism, Saivism, etc.

4. **India in the Seventh Century A.D.:-**
   - Harshavardhana
   - The Chlukyas
   - The Pallavas

5. **Northern India, 650-1200-Political and Social condition. The Feudal economy. The Chola Empire. The South Indian village system, Shankaracharya. The Turkish conquests and the Delhi Sultanate (1206-1526). The revenue system and military and administrative organisation. Change in economy and society. Evolution of Indo-Persian culture, Literature and Art.**

   - The provincial Kingdoms, polity and society of the Vijayanagram Empire.

   - Religious movements of the 15th and 16th centuries.

PAPER-II

The contest for Northern India, 1526-56. The Sur administration.

The Mughal Empire, 1556-1707, Political history. The mansab and jagir systems. Central and provincial administration. Land revenue religious policy.

Indian Economy: 16th and 17th centuries. Agriculture and agrarian classes. Towns and commerce. The opening and development of European trade.

Mughal court culture, literature, painting and architecture. Religious trends.

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The 18th century, disintegration of the Mughal Empire, its succession states (Deccan, Bengal, Awadh). The Marathas from Shivaji to 1803.

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